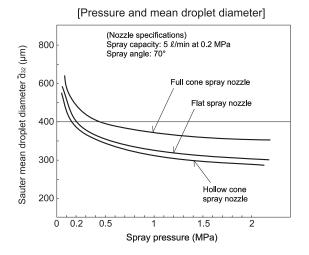
Effective Use of Hollow Cone Spray Nozzles

Mean Droplet Diameter

If spray pressure, spray capacity and spray angle are kept the same, the mean droplet diameter of a hollow cone spray nozzle is the smallest among all hydraulic nozzles.

Reducing the mean droplet diameter increases the total surface area of the spray liquid which has a great effect on transport phenomena of materials, such as chemical reaction, absorption, adsorption, etc.

Hollow cone spray nozzles are suitable for cooling and washing gases, humidifying, and chemical reactions.



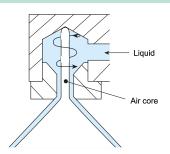
Free Passage Diameter

Free passage diameter shows the approximate value of the smallest dimension of liquid passage in the nozzle. **AAP** and **TAA** series nozzles, with no obstructions in nozzle interior, are the most effective in preventing clogging problems among our hollow cone spray nozzles.

Wear Resistance

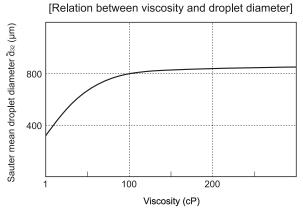
In the tangential hollow cone spray nozzles an air core is generated in the center of the vortex current, which causes wear at the end of the air core when the spraying liquid contains slurry.

In order to maintain optimum nozzle performance, the nozzle material is very important. That is why IKEUCHI's hollow cone spray nozzles are made of high wear-resistant materials such as ceramics and SiC.



Viscosity

As the viscosity of liquid increases, the spray capacity of hollow cone spray nozzles increases but the spray angle decreases. Also, the mean droplet diameter becomes larger. Because viscous liquid increases the resistance inside the pipe, the liquid pressure drop must be also taken into consideration.



Spray pressure: 0.1 MPa

